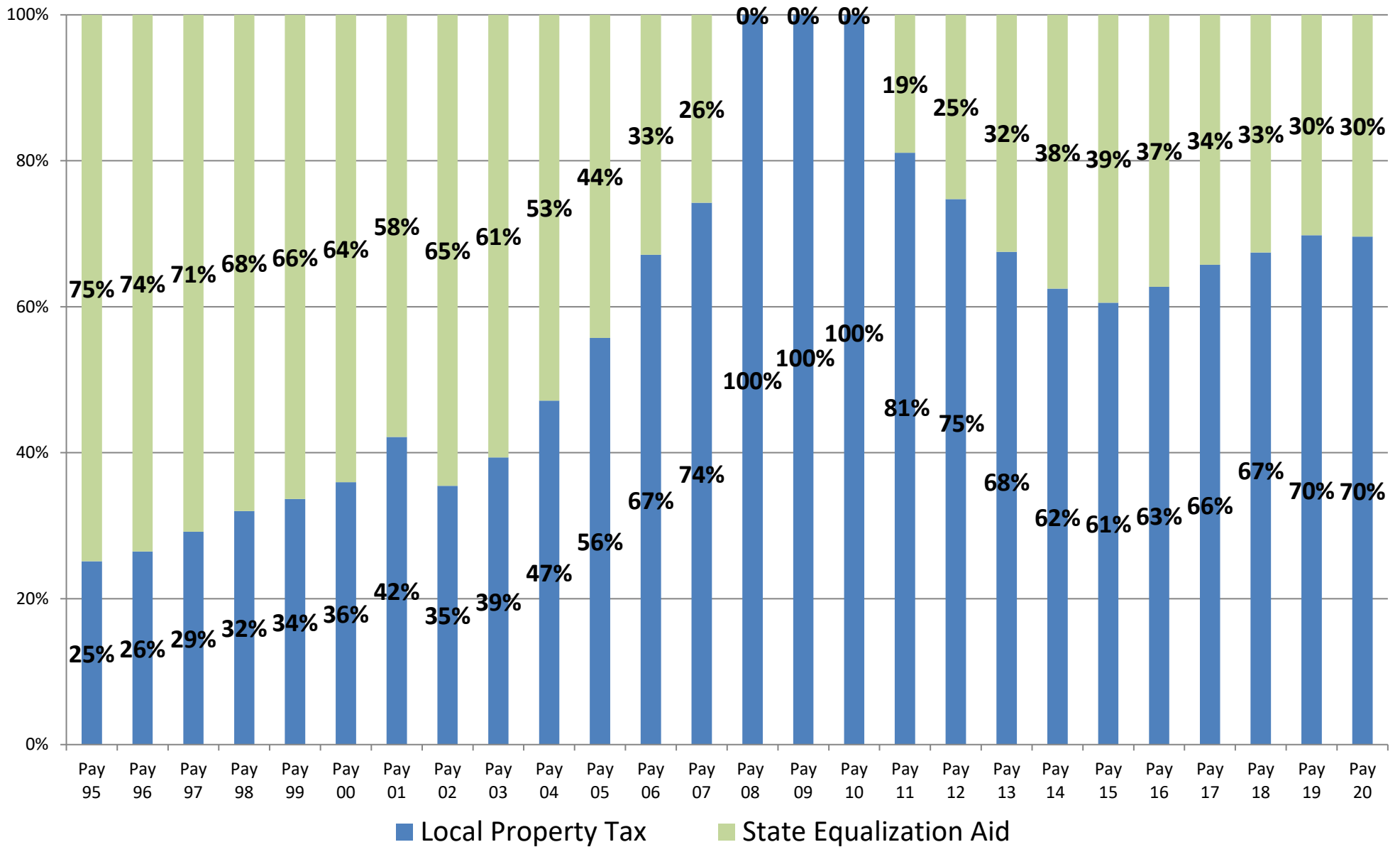




# The Erosion of Equalization Aid for a Voter-Approved Referendum

## Tri-City United School District



In 1995, for every voter-approved school referendum dollar passed, the state paid 75 cents and, the local property taxpayers were responsible for the other 25 cents. This equalization aid kept the local taxpayer cost to support a referendum uniform across the state. Since the referendum equalization is not indexed to inflation, today the state pays much less and the burden has shifted back to the local taxpayer. The erosion in equalization aid means local taxpayers in low-property wealth districts can pay over two or three times more than taxpayers in high-property wealth districts for an identical amount of referendum revenue for their schools. The high cost to local taxpayers limits the amount of referendum revenue many low-property wealth school districts can access, creating substantial educational opportunity gaps for their students. (The state mainly equalizes the first \$460 per pupil in voter-approved referendum.) [www.schoolsforequity.org](http://www.schoolsforequity.org)